

Fact Sheet

Transparency in the U.S. Nuclear Weapons Stockpile

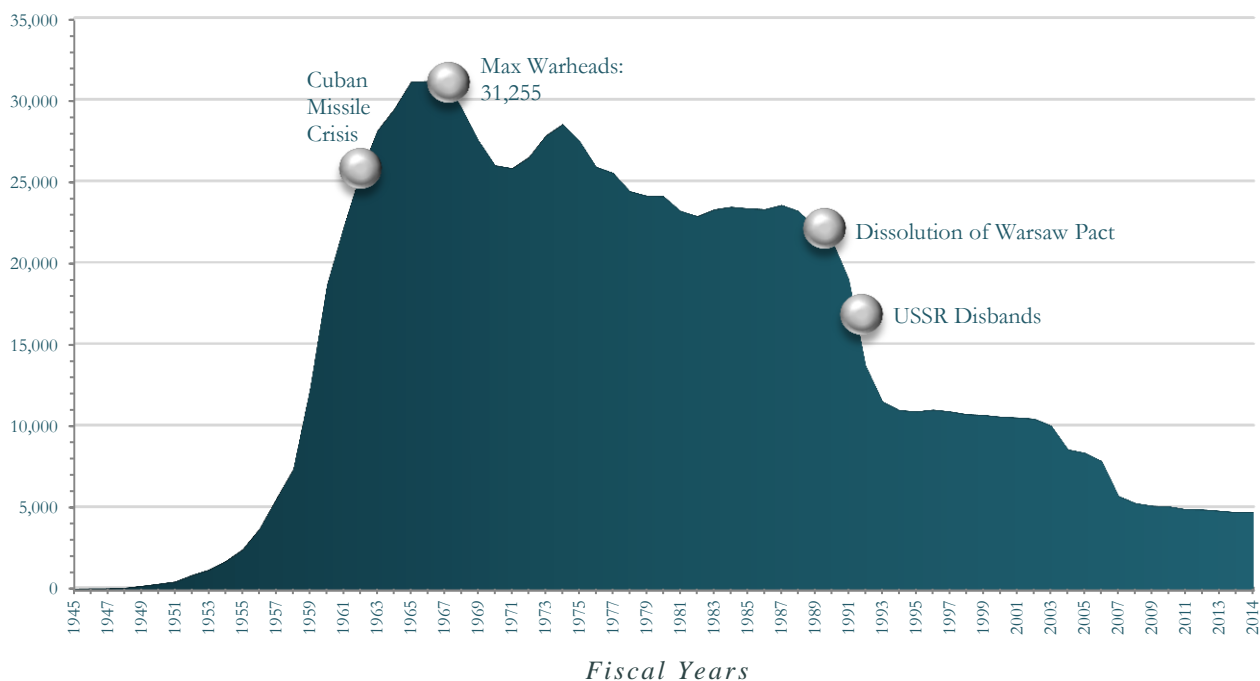
The United States is releasing newly declassified information on the U.S. nuclear weapons stockpile to update the information released in April 2014. Increasing the transparency of global nuclear stockpiles is important to nonproliferation efforts, including commitments under the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, and the pursuit of further reductions that cover all nuclear weapons: deployed and non-deployed, strategic and non-strategic.

Stockpile. As of September 2014, the U.S. stockpile of nuclear warheads consisted of 4,717 warheads. This number represents an 85 percent reduction in the stockpile from its maximum (31,255) at the end of fiscal year 1967, and a 78 percent reduction from its level (22,217) when the Berlin Wall fell in late 1989. The below figure shows the U.S. nuclear stockpile from 1945 through September 30, 2014.

Warhead Dismantlement. From fiscal years 1994 through 2014, the United States dismantled 10,251 nuclear warheads. Since September 30, 2013, the United States has dismantled 299 nuclear warheads. Approximately 2,500 additional nuclear warheads are currently retired and awaiting dismantlement.

Non-Strategic Nuclear Weapons. The number of U.S. non-strategic nuclear weapons has declined by more than 90 percent since September 30, 1991.

U.S. Nuclear Weapons Stockpile, 1945-2014



**Includes active and inactive warheads. Several thousand additional nuclear warheads are retired and awaiting dismantlement.*

Stockpile Numbers – End of Fiscal Years 1962-2014

Data prior to 1962 released by Department of Energy in December 1993

1962	25,540		1988	23,205
1963	28,133		1989	22,217
1964	29,463		1990	21,392
1965	31,139		1991	19,008
1966	31,175		1992	13,708
1967	31,255		1993	11,511
1968	29,561		1994	10,979
1969	27,552		1995	10,904
1970	26,008		1996	11,011
1971	25,830		1997	10,903
1972	26,516		1998	10,732
1973	27,835		1999	10,685
1974	28,537		2000	10,577
1975	27,519		2001	10,526
1976	25,914		2002	10,457
1977	25,542		2003	10,027
1978	24,418		2004	8,570
1979	24,138		2005	8,360
1980	24,104		2006	7,853
1981	23,208		2007	5,709
1982	22,886		2008	5,273
1983	23,305		2009	5,113
1984	23,459		2010	5,066
1985	23,368		2011	4,897
1986	23,317		2012	4,881
1987	23,575		2013	4,804
			2014	4,717

* Does not include weapons retired and awaiting dismantlement

Department of Energy Weapon Dismantlements (Fiscal Year 1994 – 2014)

1994	1,369
1995	1,393
1996	1,064
1997	498
1998	1,062
1999	206
2000	158
2001	144
2002	344
2003	222
2004	206
2005	280
2006	253
2007	545
2008	648
2009	356
2010	352
2011	305
2012	308
2013	239
2014	299
Total Dismantlements	10,251

Definitions

The **nuclear stockpile** includes both active and inactive warheads. **Active warheads** include strategic and non-strategic weapons maintained in an operational, ready-for-use configuration, warheads that must be ready for possible deployment within a short timeframe, and logistics spares. They have tritium bottles and other Limited Life Components installed. **Inactive warheads** are maintained at a depot in a non-operational status, and have their tritium bottles removed. A **retired warhead** is removed from its delivery platform, is not functional, and is not considered part of the nuclear stockpile. **Warheads awaiting dismantlement** constitute a significant fraction of the total warhead population and will continue to grow as the New START Treaty is implemented and as unneeded warheads are retired. A **dismantled warhead** is a warhead reduced to its component parts.